

# A SHORT STORY.

**COTTOLENE** is the best shortening for all cooking purposes.

**A TRUE STORY.** COTTOLENE is the only healthful shortening made. Physicians endorse it.

**AN OLD STORY.** That uncomfortable feeling of "too much richness" from food cooked in lard.

**A NEW STORY.** Food cooked in COTTOLENE is delicate, delicious, healthful, comforting.

Do YOU use COTTOLENE?

Made only by N. K. FAIRBANK & CO., CHICAGO and ST. LOUIS.

## RAILROADS

### N. & W. Norfolk & Western R.R.

SCHEDULE IN EFFECT OCTOBER 30, 1892.

WESTBOUND, LEAVE ROANOKE DAILY.  
7:40 a. m. (Washington and Chesapeake limited) for Bristol and beyond. Stops only at Radford, Pullman sleeper to New Orleans, and Memphis. Dining car attached.

8:00 a. m. for Radford, Pulaski, Bristol and all intermediate stations; also for Bluefield, Pocahontas, Elkhorn, Clinch Valley Division and Louisa via Norton. Pullman sleeper to Louisville via Norton.

7:50 p. m. for Radford, Pulaski, and Bristol also for Bluefield-Ohio extension; leaves Bluefield 8:10 a. m. daily for Kenosha, Columbus and the West. Pullman sleeper to Memphis via Chattanooga.

NORTH AND EASTBOUND, LEAVE ROANOKE DAILY.  
7:15 a. m. for Petersburg, Richmond and Norfolk.

12:45 p. m. for Washington, Hagerstown, Philadelphia and New York. Pullman sleeper Roanoke to New York via Harrisburg and P. R. R.

12:45 p. m. daily for Richmond and Norfolk. Pullman parlor car to Norfolk, connects at Lynchburg (Union station) with Durham division.

5:10 p. m. for Buena Vista and intermediate stations. No connections beyond.

9:45 p. m. for Richmond and Norfolk. Pullman sleeper to Norfolk and Lynchburg to Richmond.

12:45 night (Washington and Chattanooga limited) for Washington, Hagerstown, Philadelphia and New York. Pullman sleeper to Washington via Shenandoah Junction and New York via Harrisburg. Pullman sleeper Roanoke to Washington, open at 9:00 p. m. for reception of passengers. Dining car attached. Stops only at Buena Vista, Basic, Shenandoah, Luray, Shenandoah Junction, and Washington.

Durham Division—Leave Lynchburg (Union station) at 8:15 p. m. daily for South Boston and Durham and intermediate stations.

Winston-Salem Division—Leave Roanoke (Union station) at 8:45 a. m. daily for Rocky Mount, Martinsville, Winston-Salem and intermediate stations.

For all additional information apply at ticket office or to W. B. BEVILL, General Passenger Agent, Roanoke, Va.

## C. & O.

ROUTE.

Chesapeake & Ohio Railway.

The World's Fair

SCENIC ROUTE.

TWELVE HOURS QUICKER THAN ANY OTHER LINE TO CINCINNATI, LOUISVILLE AND POINTS WEST.

THE POPULAR ROUTE TO RICHMOND VA.

## TRAINS FOR CINCINNATI.

Daily.  
Lv. Lynchburg..... 11:15 a. m.  
Lv. Lexington, Va..... 11:30 a. m.  
Lv. Buchanan..... 11:45 a. m.  
Ar. Cincinnati..... 8:00 a. m.  
Ar. Louisville..... 11:57 a. m.  
Ar. Chicago..... 5:35 p. m.  
Ar. St. Louis..... 7:30 a. m.  
Ar. Kansas City..... 7:40 a. m.

Pullman Vestibule Sleeping Cars from Clifton Forge to Cincinnati.

## TRAINS FOR RICHMOND, VA.

Daily Except Sunday.  
Lv. Lynchburg..... 11:50 a. m.  
Lv. Richmond..... 1:00 p. m.  
Parlor Cars on 11:50 a. m. train to Richmond.  
SLEEPING CARS ON 2:00 a. m. TRAIN FOR RICHMOND. OPEN AT LYNCHBURG FOR THE RECEPTION OF PASSENGERS FROM 8:25 P. M. BERTHS ONE DOLLAR.

For further information as to rates, routes, tickets, etc., address R. H. PANNILL, Ticket and Passenger Agent, Passenger Station and 814 Main street, Lynchburg, Va.

JNO. D. POTTS, Division Passenger Agent, Richmond, Va.

## MORE DYNAMITE BOMBS

Lucky Discovery Made by the Police in Paris.

### THE INFANTA EULALIE EPISODE.

Protesting Against the Welsh Suspensory Bill—Latest Move of Mgr. Satolli—England and France Said to Be Friendly. Land Troubles in Ireland.

PARIS, May 17.—The police found several bombs, many pounds of dynamite and a chest of burglar tools buried in a lot surrounding a shed in the suburb of Levallois. The bombs were more powerful than those before seen in Paris. Each consisted of an old can formerly used for preserving peas, still bearing the label, a glass tube filled with acid, and a packing around the tube of giant powder and small pieces of iron. Any one bomb is powerful enough to blow up a house or to wound scores of persons if it was exploded in the street. The police do not feel certain whether or not the bombs and dynamite were buried by anarchists or the burglars who own the chest of tools. They have arrested Bondon, owner of the property on which the tools and explosives were found, and several anarchists upon suspicion.

### The Infanta Eulalie Episode.

MADRID, May 17.—An official statement has been issued concerning the reception of the Infanta Eulalie in the United States. It says that the Spanish government regarded it as offensive to American courtesy that any negotiations should be made in advance as to the reception in the United States of the royal guests invited by the American people to attend the World's fair. Unsolicited, however, an intimation had been given by the Washington government that the queen of the nation who discovered America, would be received with the highest honors. This statement was made in view of the many rumors now current concerning the infanta's visit in Washington.

### The Church of England Threatened.

LONDON, May 17.—The Archbishop of Canterbury officiated at the choral service in St. Paul's Cathedral. The spectacle was one of remarkable splendor and impressiveness, as a strikingly gorgeous procession of bishops and deans and other clergymen, members of the Convocation of the Province of Canterbury, in the robes of their sacred offices, traversed the nave of the cathedral chanting the words of the service, which was intended as introductory to the great meeting of English Churchmen in Albert hall to protest against the Welsh suspensory bill as threatening the existence of the Established church.

### The Infanta's Party Is Generous.

HAVANA, May 17.—Shortly before Infanta Eulalie and the members of her party boarded the steamer Maria Christina, on which they travel to New York, she and her husband, Prince Antoine, gave \$2,200 to be distributed to charity and as gifts. According to their expressed wishes \$1,000 will be given to the Casa Beneficencia, \$500 to the firemen of Havana, \$500 to the servants of the palace where the royal party had their residence during their stay here, and \$200 to the poor of the city. The Duke of Tamames, who is of the party, gave \$200 to be distributed among the poor.

### England and France Friendly.

PARIS, May 17.—M. Develle, minister of foreign affairs, said that the attitude of England toward Madagascar was not connected in any way with the Egyptian question. The government had perfect confidence in Mr. Gladstone's friendly assurance would be established between France and England immediately after the impending negotiations on the Egyptian question were opened.

### An American Legate to the Vatican.

ROME, May 17.—It is understood that Mgr. Satolli, apostolic delegate to the United States, has represented the hierarchy and leading Catholic laymen in the United States as anxious to start a movement in favor of establishing an American legation at the Vatican. The movement would be so directed as to bring all possible influence to this end to bear upon the Washington government.

### Irish Land Troubles.

DUBLIN, May 17.—A horrible tragedy is reported to have occurred at Kiltegan, in the southwest part of Wicklow county. The wife and maid servant of a farmer named Conran were shot dead by some unknown assassin or assassins. The murders are supposed to have had an agrarian motive.

### Prize Fighting in the Mud.

WHEELING, May 17.—Over 200 Wheeling sports crossed the river into Ohio to witness the fight between Mike Hawley of this city and James Gillespie of Ohio. A bloody affray took place in a driving cold rain and in almost airtight gloves. The men fought with skin tight gloves, and at the end of the third round, when Hawley was knocked out by a vicious blow over the heart, both men were covered with blood and mud.

### The Chester Case in South Carolina.

COLUMBIA, S. C., May 17.—The supreme court decided in favor of the state in the Chester liquor case. The points in the case did not touch upon the constitutionality of the law, but simply as to whether the city of Chester should not be compelled to issue licenses for a year instead of six months. The decision is looked upon, however, as practically settling the legality of the dispensary law.

### He Was Foreman of the Cronin Jury.

CHICAGO, May 17.—B. F. Clark, the real estate agent, is missing, and his creditors have instituted a search to discover his whereabouts. An investigation of his business methods conducted by attorneys who represent the creditors, it is claimed, show that he is short over \$50,000. Clark's name became familiar several years ago as foreman of the jury in the Cronin case.

### Seattle Editor Assaulted.

SEATTLE, Wash., May 17.—Ernest Brainard, editor of The Press-Times, was assaulted by Deputy City Auditor Andrew Blackstone, who struck Editor Brainard several times with a cane, cutting his scalp and face. The cause of the attack was an editorial in The Press-Times. Mr. Brainard was formerly manager of the Philadelphia News.

### The Nederland All Right.

NEW YORK, May 17.—The steamer Nederland, which went aground on the Ronger shoal, floated off at high water, apparently uninjured. The vessel proceeded on her voyage to Antwerp.

## GORED BY A BULL.

Three Men Seriously Injured in the Streets of Philadelphia.

PHILADELPHIA, May 17.—A large bull, infuriated by the attack of a dog and smarting under the blows of a mob of unreasonable men, seriously injured two old men whose age prevented them from getting out of the way of the vexed animal, whose presence in the streets is still unaccounted for. A small dog, urged on by some dock loungers, made a vicious attack upon the animal's rear legs, and, tormented by the dog's actions, which it could not repel, the maddened animal dashed up Callowhill street. William Burns, aged 60, of 418 Spruce street, was crossing and was knocked down by the animal in its flight and was seriously injured by one of the bull's hoofs, which struck him on the head.

The bull then turned up Front street, and James Hines, of 515 Vine street, was attacked and thrown to the pavement. The animal continued on its mad career, made more furious by the attacks of a mob of men who followed and pelted it with stones and other missiles. At Buttonwood and New Market streets the bull collided with Benjamin Myers, aged 72, of 110 Brown street, who was tossed in the air and dashed against a telegraph pole. At York road and Buttonwood street the animal was driven into the stable of William Donahue, where it was confined in a box stall. Its owner is not known.

## IMMIGRATION SOUTHWARD.

Some of the Difficulties Enumerated by Mr. H. C. Hilken.

BALTIMORE, May 17.—Mr. H. C. Hilken, of A. Schumacher & Co., agents of the North German Lloyd Steamship company, speaking of the recommendation of the governors' convention at Richmond in relation to the best methods of turning the tide of immigration southward, says:

"It will be difficult to divert the current of the former immigrants from its present channels, as these people, as a rule, do not leave their homes in Germany and elsewhere unless they are sure of bettering their condition, and in this connection they will act on the advice of pioneer settlers, well known to them.

"Immigration to the United States is largest after a bountiful crop in this country. In other words, immigrants come if their friends here are prosperous. There are, however, new settlers in western states of our country who might be prevailed upon to come south if sufficient inducements are offered them to change location. These people are to be found in sections where crops have failed owing to drought, vermin or long and severe winters. If such people are once settled in the south and meet with success they will form colonies, which soon attract a desirable class of immigrants from Europe."

### Mississippi Levees Breaking.

NEW ORLEANS, May 17.—Grand Lake levee has broken as the result of a heavy storm. It is situated in a thinly settled part of Arkansas, just above the Louisiana line. The water from it will reach Bayou Mason, into which the water from the previous crevasses are now flowing. Governor Foster and party have started down the river. The river between Arkansas City and New Orleans continues to rise, and the levees are being patrolled day and night. The crevasses in Arkansas will have the effect of extending the high water season, as the water from them must return to the Mississippi.

### Judge Twigg Married.

Twigg of Augusta, Ga., who recently secured a divorce at Sioux Falls, S. D., from Lucie E. Twigg, a leading society woman of Augusta and a relative of Senator Gordon, arrived in Chattanooga and was immediately married at the Stanton House to Mrs. Cornelia E. Harrison, a charming young widow of Charleston, S. C. She has been living at the Stanton House for the past month with her 5-year-old son, awaiting the granting of the divorce to Judge Twigg. The judge is fully 30 years the senior of Mrs. Harrison.

### Fears For American Ships.

PHILADELPHIA, May 17.—Much anxiety is felt in shipping circles concerning the fate of the American bark Chesire, Captain Stahl, and G. M. Stanwood, Captain Foster, both of which left Cienfuegos March 21 for Philadelphia and have not yet reached their destination. It is stated that the wreck of these vessels will entail a loss to the Philadelphia insurance companies exceeding \$300,000, and the sacrifice of 30 lives, both vessels being manned by a crew of 15 men each.

### The Contest Growing Warmer.

RICHMOND, May 17.—The contest between Messrs. O'Farrell, Tyler and Buford for the Democratic nomination for governor of Virginia becomes warmer and warmer daily. Each candidate's friends are putting in their besticks for their man, and the outcome is of course in doubt. The preliminary skirmish will occur Thursday evening in this city, when the date and place of the convention will be settled.

### Illinois Medical Men Meet.

CHICAGO, May 17.—The annual meeting of the Illinois State Medical society is in session in Commandery hall, in the 18th floor of Masonic Temple. Several papers were read, the most important of which was one by Second Vice President Dr. D. R. Brower, on the prevention of cholera and tuberculosis.

### Green Goods Phillips Dead.

NEW YORK, May 17.—George Phillips, the green goods operator who was shot in Williamsburg on Saturday night last by the Pennsylvania giving the names of Joseph and Robert Hall, is dead. The prisoners realized their serious position for the first time since their arrest when arraigned in court.

### A Canadian Business Man Disappears.

QUEBEC, May 17.—F. M. Carrier, a commission agent, who has been doing an extensive business in this city, has mysteriously disappeared with \$15,000 which had been entrusted to him by several merchants of this city to be paid to western millers. Carrier leaves unpaid debts amounting to \$30,000.

### Run on a Minneapolis Bank.

MINNEAPOLIS, May 17.—About 8 o'clock a little crowd began gathering about the front of the Farmers and Mechanics bank. The line of people withdrawing their money continued all the morning, but grew perceptibly smaller. Confidence is clearly returning. Many deposits were also made.

### Virginia Board of Public Works.

NORFOLK, May 17.—The state board of public works, consisting of Governor McKinney, Auditor Mays and Treasurer Harman, are here to assess the properties of the Norfolk and Southern Atlantic and Danville and Seaboard and Roanoke railroads in this state.

## WIDE OPEN ON SUNDAY

Such Is the Decision of the Directors of the Fair.

### THE ANNUAL MEETING OF EDITORS.

Women Appear in Reform Dress—Small Attendance and Bad Weather—Talk of Financial Embarrassment—The Workmen Want Their Back Pay.

CHICAGO, May 17.—The directors of the World's Columbian exposition decided to abrogate their contract with congress by which they bound themselves to close the fair on Sunday in consideration of an appropriation of \$2,500,000. The money will be returned to the government, and hereafter the fair will be opened Sundays. Most of the directors were dissatisfied with the plan adopted at their last meeting by which it was proposed to open the grounds Sundays, while closing all buildings containing exhibits. The action taken was practically unanimous, but two directors out of 30 voting against the proposition.

By the terms of the resolution adopted the machinery will be closed down on Sunday, but in every other respect the fair will be open in all departments the same as on secular days. But \$1,920,120 of the appropriation originally made by congress has been turned over to the exposition company, and this amount is to be returned to the national treasury after the debts of the exposition have been paid. A rule embodying these points will be submitted to the national commission for approval. What action this body will take is problematical as a mere working quorum of the members is at present in the city. In any event it is the evident purpose of the local directors to open the fair Sundays even at the expense of a rupture with the national body.

### Convention of Newspaper Men.

Journalists from all sections of the country are at the Hotel Mecca, where have arrived over 400 newspaper men, to attend the ninth annual convention of the National Editorial association, which has begun here. It is expected that altogether 1,500 journalists will be here during the convention, which is to last nearly two weeks. It is estimated that 12,000 newspapers, scattered over every state and territory, are represented by the delegates. The president of the organization is Mr. B. J. Price, of Hudson, Wis. Business sessions will be held each morning the balance of the week. On May 23 the congress of editors meets at Art palace, as part of the World's fair auxiliary. This association will be responsible for the programme for two out of the 12 sessions.



MR. B. J. PRICE.

At the first session of the association President T. W. Palmer of the exposition delivered an address of welcome, and was followed by Moses P. Handy, who also welcomed the editors to Chicago. On behalf of the convention Governor George W. Peck of Wisconsin responded to the addresses of welcome, and Mr. Price, president of the association, also expressed his thanks to the World's fair officials for the pleasant welcome extended to them. The annual address to the convention was then delivered by S. C. Matthews of Memphis. An invitation to attend an exhibition in the Turkish village on Midway plaisance was accepted and the delegates attended in a body.

The Columbian guards laid violent hands on Chief Allison of the Manufactures and Liberal Arts building late at night, and there is music in the air in consequence. The guards on duty not only refused to admit the chief of the biggest department in the white city, but they discredited his story and doubted if he was Chief Allison when he applied at night for admission to attend to some important matter. The chief and his party were arrested as suspicious characters, taken in the patrol wagon to the guard house and confined there nearly three hours before being identified and released.

### Bad Weather and Small Attendance.

The attendance at the fair continues far below what is necessary to meet bare operating expenses, which is about \$45,000 daily. This means 90,000 paid admissions each day. The average attendance since the opening has been about 17,000, and as the turnstiles have not been in working order all the time it is difficult to tell just how many people have paid for admission. The inclement weather has kept down the attendance, and the slim receipts have become a decidedly serious matter to the thousands of people who are financially and otherwise interested in the exposition. Great dissatisfaction exists among the laborers because their wages are not forthcoming. Many of them have not been paid for over a month. Altogether prospects at present are gloomy.

Mrs. May Wright Sewall presided over the department congress on dress reform, and it was here that expectation was on tip-toe. A large audience gathered in the hall. A ripple of excitement moved across the assemblage when Mrs. Sewall advanced to the stage. She wore a dress reform costume, the noticeable "reform" feature being short skirts. During the morning Mrs. Sewall had been flitting about the corridors greatly to the admiration of spectators, but she attracted more attention when she advanced to the stage in Columbia hall and took her stand beside Charlotte Emerson Brown. She wore a closely fitting dark blue dress with full skirts about 18 inches from the ground. Below the dress and encasing a serviceable pair of walking shoes were high blue garters. Possibly the audience gave more attention to the costumes than the words. A number of others wore similar costumes to that of Mrs. Sewall.

### Prominent Richmond Man Dead.

RICHMOND, May 17.—Mr. Robert H. Whitlock, one of Richmond's prominent business men, died at his residence on West Franklin street. He was engaged in the box manufacturing business and had amassed a large fortune. He was 53 years of age and leaves a wife, a former Miss Ford of Covington, Ky.

## THE NEWS BOILED DOWN.

National league ball games: Chicago, 3; Pittsburg, 2. St. Louis, 6; Cincinnati, 0. Boston, 10; New York, 1.

Murderer Almy was executed at Concord, N. H. A large number of people witnessed the execution.

The Rio Grande river is out of its banks and is doing great damage to the country both in Mexico and Texas.

Southern league ball games: Montgomery, 3; Mobile, 5. Atlanta, 14; Augusta, 13. Chattanooga, 8; Savannah, 0. Nashville, 3; Birmingham, 9.

The secretary of the treasury has appointed John E. Ashe, of Fonda, N. Y., to close up the affairs of the national bank in Arkansas City, Ark.

There is a strike in progress at Indianapolis inaugurated by the Teamsters' and Shovelers' union, who demand eight hours' work with ten hours' pay.

Miss Marian Harbridge Dunbar, daughter of one of Georgia's cotton kings, and Mr. W. A. Campbell of New York were married at Augusta, Ga. The wedding was a brilliant affair.

A bill has passed the Florida senate forbidding railroad companies to make runs of trainmen longer than 13 hours each, and compelling at least eight hours to elapse between runs.

Lou Trenck, who murdered a man near Seymour, Ind., recently was lynched by the same mob that hung Turley at Bedford, Ind., a few days ago. The lynchers were well dressed and evidently were members of prominent families.

In a statement over his signature, ex-President McLeod declares that all the transactions for the purchase of the stocks to control New England railroads were made with the concurrence and approval of the Reading directors for the benefit of the Reading.

## MINISTER RISLEY'S SUIT.

It Is Claimed He Received Fees Which He Did Not Account For.

NEW YORK, May 17.—John E. Risley, the newly appointed minister to Denmark, was made the defendant in a suit for an accounting of his fees as joint counsel with the late Senator Joseph E. McDonald. A bill in equity has been filed with the United States court asking for the appointment of a receiver for Risley's property pending an examination of the accounts of McDonald & Risley as attorneys in Alabama claims, footing up several millions of dollars.

The petition asks the court for a writ restraining Risley from departing out of its jurisdiction. The case grows out of the partnership of Risley and McDonald in the collection of claims awarded by the Alabama commission. It is claimed that Risley received a large amount in fees for which he has thus far failed to account, and that McDonald received but \$6,000 of these fees although entitled to a much larger amount.

### Prisoners Escape in Indiana.

JEFFERSONVILLE, Ind., May 17.—One of the most daring and successful breaks for liberty was accomplished at the Indiana prison south. Four convicts, Robert Adams, Nathan Bell, Frank McCarty and William Nelson, alias Rodgers, comprise the quartette. The prisoners were confined in a cell house on the ground tier, their cells adjoining. They effected their escape by drilling a 3-foot hole through a 5-inch flagging to the ground. This accomplished, they tunneled under the flagging a distance of 25 feet to the north wall of the range, and at this point the task of tunneling through a 3-foot wall made of Bedford limestone was a task of only a few hours. From this point the prisoners went to the improvised wall, made of upright boards, on the east side of the prison, which they scaled. This temporary wall is used while the new brick wall is being built.

### Baltimore Firm Burned Out.

BALTIMORE, May 17.—The establishment of O. F. Day, Son & Co. at 32 West Baltimore street was completely gutted by fire. A large stock of trunks, satchels, harness, etc., was destroyed. The fire originated in the cellar and within 10 minutes flames were pouring from the windows of all five stories of the building. Many of the employees had narrow escapes. Ten minutes time was lost by the firemen cutting through a mass of overhead wires before a ladder could be raised. Loss on stock and building over \$100,000; insurance, \$70,000.

### Baltimore's Sensation.

BALTIMORE, May 17.—This city has a sensation in the form of a woman who claims to be a divinity and who has exercised a wonderful influence over two sisters named Mrs. Maggie Hooper and Miss Mamie Maxwell, who have been led to believe that this woman, whose name is Harvey, is really divine. The sisters gave the Harvey woman jewelry, money and wearing apparel, and the latter has been arrested for fraudulently obtaining these articles.

### A Louisville Philanthropist Dead.

LOUISVILLE, May 17.—Mr. A. V. Dupont, aged 60 years, the richest man in Louisville, died suddenly of heart failure. Mr. Dupont was a bachelor and very wealthy. Recently he presented the city of Louisville with a training school, the building having cost the millionaire \$125,000. He was closely related to the Duponts of Delaware.

## MARKET QUOTATIONS.

BALTIMORE—Flour—Western super, \$1.55 @ 2.15; western super, extra, \$2.25 @ 2.35; western super, family, \$3.25 @ 3.35; winter wheat patent, \$3.75 @ 4.10; spring wheat patent, \$1.15 @ 1.25; spring wheat straight, \$1.05 @ 1.15; Wheat—No. 2, red, spot, 75¢ @ 77¢; June, 77¢ @ 79¢; July, 78¢ @ 79¢; steamer, No. 2, red, 72¢ @ 73¢; Milling wheat by sample 76¢ @ 78¢. Corn—White corn by sample, 54¢ @ 55¢; yellow corn by sample, 52¢. Oats—No. 2, white western, 43¢ @ 44¢; No. 2, mixed western, 39¢ @ 40¢. Rye—No. 2, 66¢ @ 68¢. Hay—Good to choice timothy, \$15.00 @ 16.00; Cotton—Nominal middling, 15¢. Provisions—Meat, pork, \$1.25 @ 1.35; lard, refined, 12¢. Butter—Creamery fancy, 22¢ @ 23¢; creamery, fair to choice, 20¢ @ 21¢; creamery, imitation, 21¢; lard, fancy, 21¢; lard, good to choice, 20¢ @ 21¢; rolls, fine, 21¢; rolls, fair to good, 17¢ @ 18¢; store packed, 16¢ @ 17¢. Eggs, 14¢. Coffee—Rio, fair, 17¢; No. 7, 16¢. Sugar—Granulated, 5¢. Peanuts unchanged.

NEW YORK—Flour—Winter wheat, \$2.10 @ 2.55; fair to fancy, \$2.55 @ 3.15; winter wheat patents, \$3.55 @ 4.25; city mills, 4¢; southern flour, common to fair, extra, \$2.10 @ 2.15; good to choice, \$1.55 @ 1.75. Rye flour, \$3.10 @ 3.35. Corn meal—Yellow western, \$2.35 @ 2.75. Rye—Western, 63¢ @ 65¢. Wheat—No. 2, red, spot and elevator, 73¢ @ 75¢; No. 2, northern, 80¢. Corn—No. 2, elevator, 52¢; May, 51¢; June, 50¢; July, 50¢; August, 51¢. Oats—Spot No. 2, 35¢; No. 2 white, 41¢; mixed western, 39¢ @ 40¢. Provisions—Beef, family, \$11.00 @ 12.00. Lard—Western steam, closed at \$11 asked. Pork—Old mess, \$21.25; mess, \$22. Butter—State dairy, 20¢ @ 21¢; creamery, 24¢ @ 25¢; western dairy, 18¢ @ 19¢; western dairy, creamery, 22¢ @ 23¢. Eggs—Pennsylvania, 15¢; southern, per case, \$1.00 @ 1.50. Coffee—Rio, No. 7, 16¢ @ 16.50. Sugar—Granulated, 5¢ @ 5.10. Cotton—Middling uplands, 7 1/2 @ 10¢; middling New Orleans, 7 1/2 @ 10¢.

## "TOOT OUR OWN HORN?"

I should say we could at this remarkable figure:

50

Cents Per Yard

—FOR FIGURED—

INDIA SILKS

In twenty different patterns, that has a style to it that belong to its rich relations, and the material is not to be sneered at.